Conservation from the Ground Up
Annual Report 2012
For over 17 years, the Amazon Conservation Team has partnered with indigenous people to protect the rainforest. A.C.T works to change the landscape of power by partnering with and empowering marginalized forest peoples in the western hemisphere. By doing so, we help protect their rainforests, their culture, their ecological knowledge, and their healing genius.
Mark Plotkin, Ph.D., L.H.D.
President and Cofounder

Forest. The word stirs something in almost all of us: it may immediately conjure awe, mystery, adventure, spirituality, or terror. Our species originated in and around forests, and our response likely is—to some degree—encoded in our genes.

For most of us, of course, the forest no longer is habitat, and we no longer rely on its most tangible resources. No wonder, then, that it has been so difficult to mobilize the world’s political will toward forest conservation on a massive scale. Our newfound awareness of the importance of conserving forests—and particularly the rainforests—is critical if we are to avert the worst-case scenarios for global climate change. And yet, here we are, aware again after long last of our dependence on those forests. This corner of our awareness is one, once more, with indigenous peoples.

Though ACT’s work and range of partnerships cannot be wholly captured in a short sentence, we pride ourselves on our direct work with the Amazon’s indigenous peoples to protect forests as well as the cultures that sustain them. A quarter of the entire region is occupied by such peoples, so the opportunity always has been clear: enhancing their ability to protect the habitats on which they depend for the long term is a cost-effective large-scale conservation proposition.

Naturally, we know that circumstances rarely are so cut and dried: the actors and stakeholders in even remote areas of Amazonia are multiple and diverse. Thus, ACT coordinates its work with a range of local actors, including growers’ associations and municipal governments, while striving to provide our local partners the tools and resources to negotiate at the next level to affect public policy. Our work helps build coalitions of consciousness, and this consciousness spreads, leading us on invitation to new partners and new opportunities for local conservation.

Eager as we are to bring our tools and resources to new groups, the biomes and cultures of focus at our institution’s founding remain priorities. It is the rootedness of our partners that keeps them fighting for their forests, and they trust us because we repeatedly demonstrate that we, too, are in the struggle for the long term.
The mission of the Amazon Conservation Team is to partner with indigenous people to protect the rainforest. And for good reason: a striking proportion of the world’s biodiversity is contained within the limits of indigenous traditional territories—more specifically, in the Amazon, where the largest number of traditional indigenous groups is found within the largest, most intact expanses of remaining forest. Legally recognized indigenous territories comprise 21.1% of the Amazon region, and indigenous people inhabit and/or have ancestral claims to an additional 5.6% of the region’s land that eventually could be recognized (RAISG 2012). Where legal recognition of indigenous land exists, management rights for those lands are bestowed upon the resident indigenous populations.

Why Partner with Indigenous Groups?

Crisbél Alvarado, ACT Finance Associate, with children of the Ulupuene Village
Xingu, Brazil
“Maps tell a story, whether it be one of cultural traditions, environmental contexts, or potential resource conflicts. This is an exciting time to be involved in conservation mapping: improvements in satellite imagery and remote sensing technology have created new opportunities for environmental analysis and monitoring. GIS is also becoming increasingly accessible and integrated with the internet, making it possible for ACT’s indigenous partners to tell their stories more directly.”

Brian Hettler
GIS & New Technologies Coordinator
ACT Headquarters
A Direct Path to Success

ACT empowers our partners with additional tools, resources, and skill training necessary for

- The security and management of indigenous territories
- Legal protection for their territories and rainforest ecosystems
- Exercising effective governance and influencing decision-makers
- Creating sustainable health initiatives, income generation, and food production
- The preservation of traditional knowledge and practices

ACT has built trust with its partners not only through the success of its initiatives, but through demonstrations that we plan to be with them for the long term. Though resources may not always be available for every need, ACT sees its large-scale outcomes being utterly reliant on local dedication, attention, and perseverance.
Local Impacts for the Long Term

Northwest Amazon

In the Colombian Amazon, at the ACT-supported Yachaikury Ethno-Education School, the students learn first-hand the sustainable farming techniques that allow them to grow their own food, contribute to the food resources of surrounding communities, and provide an economic base for their institution. In 2011-2012, ACT enabled the Inga community to receive public financial resources to continue providing intercultural education that perpetuates their ancestral cultural knowledge while teaching technical world skills. ACT is now financing and advising an effort to strengthen the school’s infrastructure, including the construction of climate-controlled classrooms and new dormitories.

Also in the Colombian Amazon, ACT provides ongoing technical assistance, onsite oversight, and training in sustainable agriculture for five indigenous tribes and farming communities located in and around the borderlands of the Alto Fragua Indi Wasi National Park, with a focus on cacao agroforestry plots, organic gardens, plant nurseries, and seed banks. In 2012, ACT assisted the cacao farmers in bringing their product to the European chocolate market and continues to provide guidance in land conservation.

Northeast Amazon

In Suriname, ACT provides ongoing training for a group of Trio indigenous women engaged in a sustainable income generation project focusing on pepper merchandizing. ACT guides participants in cultivation, compost-making, processing, proper weighing, and financial administration.

In Suriname, ACT is helping the rainforest community of Kwamalasamutu to develop and implement an action plan for biological control of leafcutter ant crop infestations, including testing of botanical insecticides and GPS mapping of agricultural plots.

Trio women in the village of Tepu
Suriname
When forests are cleared and burned, the resulting release of carbon to the atmosphere is the world’s second largest source of greenhouse gas emissions. If we want to mitigate global warming, then, at this moment in history, it is just as important to focus on preventing tropical deforestation as on the more intractable problem of reducing global fossil fuel consumption.

Wilmar Bahamon
Sustainable Land Management Coordinator
ACT Colombia

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Grassroots Alliances

The Colombian department of Caquetá, a region of high biodiversity providing a wide range of environmental services, is inhabited by both indigenous and peasant farmers. In Caquetá, conservation presents special challenges because of the local convergence of economic interests—mining, cattle ranching, and oil— and armed groups.

Here, in 2012, we concluded the Conservation Landscapes Program, which contributed significantly to environmentally friendly food production in the region. Further, we worked with settler populations and the government to achieve the official environmental zoning of farms in the area of influence of the Alto Fragua Indi Wasi National Park. But the most meaningful accomplishment for me, as a professional and as a member of ACT, has been building rapport, forging agreements, and implementing conservation-oriented activities with indigenous and peasant leaders, local organizations, public institutions, and other stakeholders so that we may achieve sustainable land management in unison.

Wilmar Bahamon
Sustainable Land Management Coordinator
ACT Colombia
Collaboration, Inclusion, and Respect

The Amazon Conservation Team works closely, inclusively, and respectfully with local communities over the long term to help ensure the lasting protection of biodiversity and traditional cultures of the rainforest. Amazonian indigenous peoples have protected and sustainably managed their ancestral homelands for hundreds and sometimes thousands of years; ACT wishes to help them perpetuate their conservation practices in a new era with profound new challenges.

As an ACT cofounder, I continue to celebrate the direct and personal interactions of so many organizational drivers—from courageous Board members to deeply embedded and fearless field staff—with the members of our partner communities. I know that those relationships have been the cornerstone of our lasting success.

Liliana Madrigal
Senior Director of Program Operations and Cofounder
ACT Headquarters

Indigenous children learning traditional handicrafts as part of their ethnoeducation program.

Suriname
Protecting Forests and Culture

In the rainforests of Suriname, ACT continues to sponsor our indigenous park guard program active in four indigenous villages, providing guidance in executing land management and forest use surveys.

In 2012, ACT signed a memorandum with the Suriname government’s national security office for incorporation of indigenous park guards into the governmental park protection system.

Northeast Amazon

Since 2011, in association with The Nature Conservancy, ACT has been a key partner in the U.S. State Department-funded Net Zero Deforestation Project, which seeks to prevent deforestation in seven indigenous reserves of the Colombian Amazon. ACT is closely partnering with communities of the middle Caquetá River region to map their lands, generate management plans, and establish sustainable production systems, directly affecting nearly 250,000 acres under severe development pressure.

In 2012, ACT began a project to map and enhance the protection of a northwest Amazon biocultural conservation corridor, a contiguous area comprising more than 18 million acres of uninterrupted Amazon rainforest between Colombia’s Caquetá and Putumayo rivers where isolated indigenous groups are known to roam. According to Colombia’s Decree No. 4633, issued on the basis of evidence for which ACT provided essential research, reserves must be created wherever isolated groups are found. ACT also is assisting the National Parks Service of Colombia in the development of protection guidelines and contingency plans for these groups in national parks.

Northwest Amazon
Sacred Forests, Sustainable Future

On November 13, 2012, a new category of protected area was declared by the Colombian government. A “site of national cultural interest” now protects lands sacred to the Kogi people of the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta region of northern coastal Colombia. The Kogi, in a partnership supported by the Colombian government and ACT, purchased properties comprising the site they name Jaba Tañiwashkaka, located at the mouth of the Jerez River. The Kogi, with ACT’s ongoing assistance, now will work to incorporate this land to their reserve and draft a management plan. This accomplishment is highly significant not only for the Kogi, but for all indigenous groups seeking greater public awareness of the crucial importance of sacred lands to the perpetuation of their culture.

Photo by Ricardo Rey

Kogi mamos offering ‘pagamentos’, spiritual thanks, on their ancestral coastline.
Jaba Tañiwashkaka Sacred Site, Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, Colombia

People and forests: ACT’s primary partners in the Amazon, its indigenous colleagues, always speak of one in relation to the other, and therefore, so does ACT. This indissolubility means that ACT need never worry that any aspect of its work will fail to positively impact one or the other. In the Amazon we know that the strengthening of local, traditional communities and the protection of forests increase in direct relation to each other.
The conservation of Amazonian forests is pivotal for the health of the planet because it plays a key role in maintaining local and global water cycles, conserving biodiversity, and reducing the release of carbon into the atmosphere, the current primary cause of climate change. ACT has found that the most effective way to preserve these forests is to support indigenous communities in protecting their traditional lands and cultures. Indigenous lands account for much of the best-conserved rainforest in South America, and these lands constitute roughly a quarter of the Amazon region. Indigenous people characteristically demonstrate a strong conservation ethos when their traditional values and cultures are respected and preserved.
The critical importance of safeguarding the largest remaining swaths of Amazonian forests is reflected in the Colombian government’s commitment to expand the Chiribiquete National Park to an area larger than the state of Massachusetts. During expansion discussions, ACT staff provided input regarding the territorial needs of area isolated peoples.

“Indigenous lands appeared particularly effective at curbing high deforestation pressure, relative to both strictly protected and sustainable use areas.”

Research published in the March 2013 Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, using new remote-sensing-based datasets from 292 protected areas in the Brazilian Amazon.
In the Colombian Amazon, in 2012, ACT supported the second combined gathering of two longstanding unions of healers’ associations—a union of men and a union of women, both formed with ACT sponsorship—convening more than 70 elderly healers and their apprentices from five tribes. ACT funds the maintenance of the women healers’ meeting center and its adjoining aquaculture and poultry farms and organic gardens while providing technical training.

The Amazon Conservation Team continues to provide all necessary operational supplies for longstanding ACT-constructed traditional medicine clinics in four remote communities of the rainforests of Suriname.
ACT considers the role of traditional healers within Amazonian indigenous communities to be essential, and deeply esteems the knowledge systems that have been handed down across generations. Hence, ACT seeks to create the conditions to preserve, transfer, and strengthen these systems and promote community health.
Promising Initiatives

Engineering student testing a newly installed picohydroelectric system
Abra Málaga Village, Cusco, Peru

Quechua girl reading with a LED headlamp
Abra Málaga Village, Cusco, Peru
In Peru, in the rural communities of Raqchi and Queromarca, ACT supported the seventh annual Watunakuy Gathering, which seeks to help preserve the ancestral natural knowledge of area indigenous and small farmer communities with an emphasis on promoting the diversity and variety of traditional seeds. 850 pilgrims attended from communities of Peru, Bolivia, and Argentina.

Abra Malagá Thastayoc is a rural community in the high Andean-Amazonian transitional area of the Cusco region of Peru. The Quechua-speaking inhabitants practice self-sufficient agriculture, pastoralism and traditional indigenous weaving techniques. They also manage a private conservation area that protects endangered tree and bird species and preserves local watersheds. ACT has supported efforts to provide electricity to this community by investing in innovative small-scale hydroelectric generators, household solar panel systems, and LED headlamps for local schoolchildren. The project has been coordinated by ACT staff in partnership with ECOAN Peru, a locally-based conservation NGO, and student engineers.

The Waurá indigenous people have inhabited the Xingu region of central Brazil for at least a thousand years. ACT’s relationship with the Waurá dates from 2003, when ACT and 14 tribes of the Xingu began collaborative land use mapping of their reserve. Following the completion of mapping, ACT provided material support to enable the Waurá and other Xingu tribes to mobilize against planned hydroelectric dams on their lands. In 2012, ACT helped a subgroup of the Waurá construct a new village, Ulupuene, to enable them to better protect the reserve’s southwest border. ACT is partnering with a Brazilian NGO, SynbioBrasil, to support the Waurá going forward.
Over the years, ACT and its partner tribes have mapped over 70 million acres of forestlands across Amazonia, and ACT played an instrumental role in the creation of three novel figures of protected areas in Colombia in response to indigenous requests—the Alto Fragua Indi Wasi National Park, the Orito Ingi-Ande Medicinal Plant Sanctuary, and the Jaba Tañiwashkaka sacred site—as well the establishment of the first indigenous park ranger training programs in Suriname and Brazil. Meanwhile, ACT’s “shamans and apprentices” traditional medicinal knowledge intergenerational transmission program has as its offspring a network of traditional medicine clinics in Suriname and two large unions of Amazonian traditional healers in Colombia.
Protecting the Most Isolated Tribes

In partnership with ACT, the Colombian National Park Service (NPS) spearheaded the territorial protection of Colombia’s remaining isolated indigenous groups in national parks and indigenous reserves. ACT’s project area encompasses contiguous Amazon forest between the Caquetá and Putumayo rivers in Amazonas state, comprising the Puré River National Park), founded in 2002 with the express purpose of protecting isolated groups within its boundaries; the adjacent Cahuiñari National Park; and the neighboring Predio Putumayo and Curare-Los Ingleses Indigenous Reserves. ACT’s current work with isolated indigenous groups focuses on three efforts: research, support for the definition of public policy, and environmental protection.

The Amazon Conservation Team’s Isolated Peoples Program, under the leadership of Roberto Franco, an anthropologist and a noted authority on the isolated tribes of the Northwest Amazon, published Cariba Malo in conjunction with the National University. The book details the history and very likely current status of these tribes. The research resulted in important new legislation protecting the remaining tribes and their rainforests and a new awareness about the importance of the forests these groups inhabit. The critical importance of safeguarding some of the largest swaths of Amazonian forests left in the basin is reflected in the Colombian Government’s commitment to expand the borders of Chiribiquete National Park to 10,734 Sq.miles— an area the size of the state of Massachusetts.

Roberto Franco, Consultant for ACT Colombia, at ‘Cariba Malo’ Book Launch
National Museum - Bogotá, Colombia

Amazon Conservation Team  |  Annual Report 2012
“Many groups come to our village, saying they want to help, making promises, then never returning. ACT comes here, stays here, works here. When we work with ACT, we are working with family.”

Amasina
Trio Traditional Healer
Suriname
Conservation is a moral and spiritual issue. We are dedicated to conservation not only because of its practical applications and implications, but because we believe that everyone bears responsibility for—and benefits because of—the well-being of the natural world.

Long-term progress in rainforest conservation requires cooperative partnerships based on mutual trust with local communities and organizations. ACT honors and values the cultures of the communities that we are privileged to call our partners.

The knowledge and practices of indigenous and other forest communities are important and useful for natural resource conservation. Moreover, we believe that combining traditional knowledge with modern science and technologies creates the local conditions for optimal long-term environmental solutions, as well as positioning those communities to be ideal stewards.
In 2012, ACT spent more than $2.28 million to fund operations and programs in South America. For the 14th consecutive year, over 80% of ACT expenditures were allocated to program activities, indicative of the continued prudent management of expenses in the general, administrative, and fundraising categories. Individual contributions provided 32% of total revenue, while foundation support accounted for 53%.

Also in 2012, the Amazon Conservation Team ended a longstanding partnership with and financial support to the ACT Brazil program, which had grown to become a self-sustaining organization over the course of 11 years. The conclusion of this relationship is reflected in a significant reduction in revenues and expenses compared to those in 2011.

ACT relies on the continued support of our individual and institutional donors for our work, because this enables us to respond to challenges and needs as they exist on the ground. ACT thanks all those who have helped make this work possible.

Looking ahead, we have readied novel initiatives for implementation in countries other than those of ACT’s current activity. Additionally, the organization is expanding both the ground covered and number of beneficiary communities within our longtime areas of work.

Revenue and Expenses Trend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Revenue</th>
<th>Expenses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>4,580,630</td>
<td>4,550,722</td>
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<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>7,984,476</td>
<td>5,554,539</td>
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<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>3,459,490</td>
<td>4,656,878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>3,930,306</td>
<td>5,482,299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>5,125,206</td>
<td>5,072,743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2,996,730</td>
<td>3,461,373</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Financial Overview

CFC #: 10410
**Support**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 2012</th>
<th>FY 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In US $</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individuals</td>
<td>1,585,510</td>
<td>52.91%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations</td>
<td>963,462</td>
<td>32.15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In-Country Grants</td>
<td>326,680</td>
<td>10.90%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporations</td>
<td>35,000</td>
<td>1.17%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Revenue</td>
<td>86,078</td>
<td>2.87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Government</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,996,730</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.00%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Organizational Efficiency**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 2012</th>
<th>FY 2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In US $</td>
<td>Percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Services</td>
<td>2,815,609</td>
<td>81.34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General and Admin.</td>
<td>512,478</td>
<td>14.81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundraising</td>
<td>133,286</td>
<td>3.85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,461,373</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.00%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

More than 80 cents of every dollar donated goes directly to project costs.
Financial Statements

Information reflects combined financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

Combined Statement of Financial Position

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 2012 In US$</th>
<th>FY 2011 In US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash and equivalents</td>
<td>1,545,304</td>
<td>2,316,084</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants and pledges receivable</td>
<td>407,227</td>
<td>531,038</td>
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<tr>
<td>Property and equipment, net</td>
<td>159,714</td>
<td>243,722</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>23,600</td>
<td>38,895</td>
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<td><strong>Total Assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,135,845</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,129,739</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable and accrued expenses</td>
<td>120,765</td>
<td>251,898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred revenue</td>
<td>10,120</td>
<td>16,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred rent and lease incentives</td>
<td>147,552</td>
<td>192,638</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other liabilities</td>
<td>1,175</td>
<td>14,487</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Liabilities</strong></td>
<td><strong>279,612</strong></td>
<td><strong>475,973</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unrestricted</td>
<td>1,070,613</td>
<td>952,717</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temporarily restricted</td>
<td>785,620</td>
<td>1,701,049</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Net Assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,856,233</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,653,766</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Liabilities and Net Assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,135,845</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,129,739</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Combined Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 2012 In US$</th>
<th>FY 2011 In US$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>1,472,911</td>
<td>1,070,630</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>1,437,742</td>
<td>4,025,971</td>
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<tr>
<td>Investment income</td>
<td>18,353</td>
<td>7,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>67,724</td>
<td>20,797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Revenue and Support</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,996,730</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,125,206</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Services: Biodiversity</td>
<td>1,627,976</td>
<td>3,127,387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Culture</td>
<td>924,253</td>
<td>594,414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>263,380</td>
<td>456,204</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Program Services</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,815,609</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,178,005</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Supporting Services: General and administration</td>
<td>512,478</td>
<td>776,415</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fundraising</td>
<td>133,286</td>
<td>118,323</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Supporting Services</strong></td>
<td><strong>645,764</strong></td>
<td><strong>894,738</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>3,461,373</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,072,743</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in Net Assets</td>
<td>(464,643)</td>
<td>52,463</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net Assets, beginning of year</td>
<td>2,320,877</td>
<td>2,629,675</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foreign exchange translation loss</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(28,372)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Net Assets, End of Year</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,856,232</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,653,766</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Funds are presented according to the accrual method of accounting.

ACT’s audited financial statements, which reflect an unqualified opinion, can be obtained online at www.amazonteam.org or by calling (703) 522-4684.
Partner Organizations

AgroSolidaria Belén
Caquetá, Colombia

Alcaldía Municipal de Belén de los Andaquies
Caquetá, Colombia

Alcaldía Municipal de San José del Fragua
Caquetá, Colombia

Alcaldía Municipal de Solano
Caquetá, Colombia

Anton de Kom University of Suriname, Faculty of Medicine
Paramaribo, Suriname

Asociación de Cabildos Indígenas del Pueblo Siona
Putumayo, Colombia

Asociación de Cabildos Nukanchipa Atunkunapa Aipa
Cauca, Colombia

Asociación de Cabildos Tandachiridu Inganokuna
Caquetá, Colombia

Asociación de Cabildos Uitoto del A Ito Río
Caquetá, Colombia

Asociación de Médicos Indígenas Kofanes
Putumayo, Colombia

Asociación de Mujeres Indígenas de la Amazonia C olombiana “L a C hagra de la Vida”
Putumayo, Colombia

A sociación de Autoridades Indígenas del Pueblo M irirá y Bora del M edio A mazonas
A mazonas, Colombia

A sociación de Reforestadores y C ultivadores de Cauchú del Caquetá
Caquetá, Colombia

A sociación de Cabildos Indígenas del M irirá-Amazonas
A mazonas, Colombia

AVINA
Bogotá, Colombia

Bureau voor Openbare Gezondheidszorg
Paramaribo, Suriname

Cabildo Inga Kametzá de M ooca
Putumayo, Colombia

Cabildo Inga Mandiyaco
Cauca, Colombia

Cabildo Kametzá Bijá de M ooca
Putumayo, Colombia

Cabildo L a C erinda
Caquetá, Colombia

Cabildo L a E speranza
Caquetá, Colombia

Cabildos/Resguardos Ingas de Puerto G uzmán: Villa C atalina la T orre, AIPA
M anga, A Ito M anga, N ukanchipa Aipa, W asipanga, C alenturas
Putumayo, Colombia

Cabildos Indígenas del A lto Putumayo:
San Francisco, Sibundoy, Colón, Santiago, San Andrés, San Pedro
Putumayo, Colombia

Cabildos Indígenas de Y ungui llo
Putumayo, Colombia

Centrum voor L andbouwkundig O nderzoek Suriname
Paramaribo, Suriname

Comité Departamental Índígena del Caquetá
Caquetá, Colombia

Confederación Agrosolidaria de Colombia
Caquetá, Colombia

Consejo Regional Índigena del Orteguaza Medio Caquetá
Caquetá, Colombia

Consejo Regional Índigena del Medio Amazonas
A mazonas, Colombia

Conservation Internationa Suriname
Paramaribo, Suriname

Coordinadora de las Organizaciones Indígenas de la Cuenca Amazonica
A mazonia

Corporación para el D esarrollo Sostenible del Sur de la Amazonia
Putumayo, Colombia

Fondo para la A cción A mbiental y la N íñez
Bogotá, Colombia

Supporters

Individuals

Barbara & Richard Adler
Cari-Esta Albert
Joseph A llen
E mily A Isop
C appy & Nelly Anderson
A nonymous (9)
I ris A nno
Joshua A row & E lyse A row Brill
Carlos A rrien
E ilen & Paul A rsenault

Stephen & Susan B aird
Janet Baldwin
Susan Baldwin
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